## "PETITION FOR REFERENDUM

To the Honorable Maggie Toulouse Oliver, secretary of state

We, the undersigned, qualified electors of Taos county New Mexico, who disapprove Laws 2023, Chapter 167, of New Mexico, approved 5th day of April, 2023, entitled 'An Act RELATING TO HEALTH; PROTECTING THE PRIVACY OF PROVIDERS, RECIPIENTS AND OTHERS ENGAGING IN REPRODUCTIVE AND GENDER-AFFIRMING HEALTH CARE; PROTECTING PROVIDERS, RECIPIENTS AND OTHERS ENGAGING IN REPRODUCTIVE AND GENDER-AFFIRMING HEALTH CARE FROM CERTAIN CIVIL OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY OR PROFESSIONAL DISCIPLINARY ACTION; PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT; IMPOSING PENALTIES; PRESCRIBING RELIEF.,' respectfully request by this our petition that it be referred to the people of New Mexico, to the end that the same may be approved or rejected by vote of the qualified electors of the state at the next regular general election to be held on the 5<sup>TH</sup> day of November, 2024; and each of us for himself says: I am a qualified elector of Taos county, New Mexico, and my residence, post-office address and voting precinct are correctly written after my name.

<u>NAME</u>	RESIDENCE	POST-OFFICE	VOTING PRECINCT

## Instructions to Persons Who Solicit Signatures and to Signers of the Petition

Pursuant to Section 1-17-5 NMSA1978 the Attorney General is required to advise you of the following: Article IV, Section 1 of the Constitution of the state of New Mexico provides that "[T]he people reserve the power to disapprove, suspend and annul any law enacted by the legislature, except general appropriation laws; laws providing for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety; for the payment of the public debt or interest thereon, or the creation or funding of the same, except as in this constitution otherwise provided; for the maintenance of the public schools or state institutions, and local or special laws. Petitions disapproving any law other than those above excepted, enacted at the last preceding session of the legislature had be signed by not less than ten per centum of the qualified electors of the state, as shown by the total number of votes cast at the last preceding general election. The question of the approval or rejection of such law shall be submitted by the secretary of state to the electorate at the next general election; and if a majority of the legal votes cast thereon, and not less than forty per centum of the total number of legal votes cast at such general election, be cast for the rejection of such law, it shall be annulled and thereby repealed with the same effect as if the legislature had then repealed it, and such repeal shall revive any law repealed by the act so annulled; otherwise, it shall remain in force unless subsequently repealed by the legislature. If such petition or petitions be signed by not less than twenty-five per centum of the qualified electors on the region of the operation thereof shall be thereupon suspended and the question of its approval or rejection shall be likewise submitted to a vote at the next ensuing general election. If a majority of the votes cast thereon and not less than forty per centum of the total number of votes cast at such general election be cast for its rejection, it shall be thereby annulled; otherwise, it shall go into effect

Section 1-17-4 NMSA 1978 provides penalties for violations of law pertaining to referendum petitions: It is a fourth degree felony for any person, on a petition for referendum, to: A. sign any name other than his own, except to write thereon the name of a person who cannot write and who signs his name with his mark; B. sign his name more than once on a petition on the same law; C. sign his name when he is not a qualified elector in the county specified in the petition; or D. knowingly misrepresent the purpose and effect of the petition or law thereby affected, for the purpose of causing anyone to sign the petition in reliance upon such misrepresentation.

Section 1-17-3 NMSA 1978 mandates that every person who solicits signatures to any petition for referendum shall present a full and correct copy of the law on which the referendum is sought to the person whose signature is solicited. Persons who solicit signatures on a petition must complete the required certificate that appears on the reverse side of each page of the referendum petition.

Section 1-17-7 NMSA 1978 provides penalties for false certification of referendum petitions: Falsely certifying to statements contained in the certificate required of persons soliciting signatures on a referendum petition is a fourth degree felony.

Honorable Raul Torrez, Attorney General

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